The Common/Christian/Postkyriarchal Testaments A REVIEW OF

JESUS: Miriam's Child, Sophia's Prophet: Critical Issues in Feminist Christology (Continuum/99c94)
REVIEW THESIS:
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Since the messianic reconceiving—"re-imagining" is as extensive from the NT (which S. calls the "Christian Testament") to her christology as was that from the OT (which S. calls the "Common Testament"), & that former paradigm-shift resulted in a new religion (viz., Christianity), S.'s paradigm-shift should be understood as innovative enough to qualify as foundational to a new religion (which I suggest calling Postkyriarchality). And as Mormons bind their three testaments (OT/NT/Book of Mormon) together, this Thinksheet's title suggests an inchoate single-bound trilogy as fitting S.'s mind (though she remains, outwardly, Roman Catholic).

- S.'s life-PROJECT (not just this book-project) as a scholar is societal (the ideal society being the subject, with "G*d" [her idiosyncratic spelling] as predicate) rather than religious (as the Bible, with God as subject): "a femininist liberationist exploration of Christian Scriptures does not begin its work with the biblical text but with a critical articulation and analysis of the experiences of wo/men" (61 & often, "wo/men" excluding only dominant-"oppressing" males). Instead of being the premise of her thinking, G*d is its product: "what kind of God" (28) should liberationist-transgender-transculture-egalitarian devotees of "radical democracy" (24) construct, to meet the need (or do the trick or job)? It's the question of all idol-makers, & Feuerbach taught that it's the formative question in all deity-designing.
- The project seems clear, straightforward. The product-deity can be constructed using materials old & new--the old materials being taken from previous deities. Objectively, the <u>least likely</u> deity to provide useable materials would be one who had had male but not female experience (i.e., who'd been a man but not a woman). S.'s socioreligious location as a native & practicing Roman Catholic finds her at maximum cognitive dissonance in her project, as she's a devotee of that very deity. To use a Sam. Johnson metaphor, her project is dancing, & she must teach a dog to do it.

More logical (as in the case of ex-RC Mary Daly) would be to get rid of the dog & teach a goddess to dance. S. uses her brilliance & religious-studies competence to do a spectacular spread-eagle, which makes her both more helpful to scholars & more dangerous to her fellow-Christians. Why more dangerous? Because she's a wolf (a devotee of a new religion) in the clothing of a Christian sheep.

For S., **authority** is not biblical-canonical but rather <u>egalitarian</u>-ideological, "the democratic logic of equality" (91). A golden-age future, similar to Norman Gottwald's golden-age past (in pre-monarchic Israel: "The socioeconomic relations of ["uplands agriculture"] Israelities were egalitarian...equal access to resources...extended families..." [285, THE HEBREW BIBLE: A Socio-Literary Introduction, Fortress/85]).

Citing M.10 & parallels, she extrapolates that "Structures of domination should not be tolerated in the discipleship of equals" (94); but her project requires that she get rid of Jesus as the Lord in the cosmic/personal/communal/futuric Dominus-domination system (as, in Jn.15, Jesus calls his disciplies "friends" only "if you do what I command you" [vs.14.]).

Critiquing certain fellow-NT scholars, S. says Schweitzer (QUEST, 1906) was right that lives-of-Jesus are mirrors. Stephen Prothero (in AMERICAN JESUS: How the Son of God Became a National Icon) says the same--on which book Marty (1.5.04 "Personal Jesus," SIGHTINGS) has this: "Jesus is [now] the usually nice and moral person, teacher and friend, who is...plastic and malleable, refashioned to meet our tastes whoever we are. Icon? Try mirror."

I think without realizing this, S. "refashions" Jesus to her purpose in projecting onto the Evangelists her use of Jesus materials (95): "they utilized the Jesus traditions shaped by Jesus' first followers, women and men, for their own rhetorical interests and molded them in light of the political-theological debates of their own day."

4 S.'s "refashioning" of J. includes his **diminishing** as only one of the leaders of 1st-c. Jewish "emancipatory movements": "I propose that feminist theological reflection privilege theological over christological discourses and social-cultural over individual-anthropological theological frameworks." Her project demands that she marginalize

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what for feminism is Christianity's Achilles' heel, viz. Jesus' maleness (as the most embarrassing outcropping of the Bible's "androcentric" God-idea); & her move to this stance requires her minimizing of Jesus (& thus also the "Christian Testament"'s theologizing of him as Son of God / Savior / Lord).

- Perhaps it isn't only Jesus' maleness that she finds offensive. I've known a number in her category (German females living under Hitler), all having some degree of misandry (man-hate). Hunkered-down earnest, humorless. A male criticizing something she's written gets written off as "not to have read anything I have written" (209, of the great NT scholar Luke Timothy Johnson; at a Society of Biblical Literature meeting, publicly she said the same thing of me [in rejecting my CHRISTIAN CENTURY reviewing of two of her books]). I'm hesitant to be too critical of her: what if I'd been a woman under Hitler?....
- by her feministic monomania, I've found nowhere any theological dealing with the fact of male <u>muscular</u> superiority in our species (in balance with female <u>mouth</u> superiority)—the mutual superiority, rather than equality, of the sexes. She's big on calling a "construct" anything she wants to deprive of "natural" status; but the fact that the female tiger, having stronger muscles, rules the family—surely that fact is not a construct? Would she argue that our species is an exception? The tragic irony is that her Germanic-abstractive power (visible in her German-English sentences) is as much in the service of ideology as was that of Alfred Rosenberg (the Nazi philosopher), for whom ethnicity (instead of S.'s equality) served as the control-concept. Both, frighteningly thoroughgoing & humorless & destructive (though, unlike R., S. has made some scholarly contributions & is nonviolent).
- S.'s mastery of the relevant German-language materials is helpful, & her audacious theoretical extensions & linguistic innovations are stimulating—e.g., she invents a Greek word & transliterates it as "kyriarchy" (36: the domination system behind—within "gender, race, class, and colonialist structures" ["socioreligious constructions"] of oppression)....The putatively inclusive oppressed are "wo/men" {which, she doesn't note, excludes power-males}. Since male "theology" suppressed female "thealogy" & "sophialogy", literature (including Scripture) has been "malestream" & needs deconstructing (the dubious premise being that sex/gender in "the kyriarchal sex/gender system" are constructions & not "givens" in nature or by revelation). As masculine, "God" is not to be used, nor (because offensive to some Orthodox Jews, when used by others) is "G-d"—so she neologizes "G*d" & "G*ddess"!

Why no laughter at such an idiosyncratic display? Because she's the world's most influential feminist biblical-theological scholar, the first woman president of the Society of Biblical Literature, with three festschrifts honoring her academic work. Some oncoming scholars of her quality—e.g., Kathryn Greene-McCreight (FEMINIST RECONSTRUCTIONS OF CHRISTIAN DOCTRINE: Narrative Analysis and Appraisal [Oxford/00])—are beginning to counter her destructive radicality in hermeneutics. And a competent corrective to her misandry is Mary Steward Van Leeuwen's MY BROTHER'S KEEPER: What the Social Sciences Do (and Don't) Tell Us About Masculinity (InterVarsity/02).

"A critical feminist hermeneutics of [my emphasis] <u>liberation</u>" (234) begins always with "a feminist reflection on the particular experiences of women" (178) & sees salvation as <u>egalification</u> through (189) "the <u>basileia</u> [ex-"Kingdom" of God] movement". I skipped not one sentence in this difficult book of intricately integrated argument: I was determined both to be fair to it by close listening & to be critical of it at its level of expertise. Indeed, I'd hoped to be generous with it. But its treatment of materials from Bible & Tradition is so cavalier in the interest of de-/re-mythologizing deity (with the help of putatively recovered but mainly fantasized "G*ddess" materials) that I must see her deity as the vertical projection or her horizontal project of removing "androcentricity" & "kyriocentricity" from heaven as well as from earth.

As servants of their religion, theologians are to see to it that the religion continues to recommend itself to its devotees' mind. As a Christian theologian, S. not only fails this test but succeeds (1) in impeding (ϵ eroding confidence in) Christian thinking ϵ (2) in providing materials for the writing of a Third (let's call it "Postkyriarchal") Testament, to the delight of radical feminists who've long been in hope of a replacement religion complete with redesigned language for the redesigned deity.