

Michael Avi-Yonah did the travel guide of this title [Holy, Rinehart and Winston/72] in which this chart immediately follows "Contents": I think, the most beautiful Holy Land guide ever published, and my favorite, which I've contributed to the NYTS Library.

BC		41-44	Reign of Agrippa I, grandson of Herod.
3150-1200	Early, Middle and Late Bronze Ages, Canaan inhabited by the Amorites, Hurrites, Hittites, etc.	66	Great Revolt against the Romans.
1290-1224	Reign of <u>Rameses II</u> marks decline in Egyptian power.	70	Siege of Jerusalem and destruction of Temple.
	Israelite conquest of Canaan.	74	Fall of Masada. Revolt finally crushed.
1200-1020	Period of the Judges. Introduction of iron into general use, associated with Philistine invasion and settlement in the coastal plain.	132-35	Second Revolt led by Simeon Bar Kosiba (Bar Kokhba).
1020-1004	Reign of <u>Saul</u> . Israel united in one kingdom.	135	Hadrian orders the expulsion of the "circumcised" from Aelia Capitolina (Jerusalem). Judaea renamed Syria-Palaestina.
1004-965	Reign of <u>David</u> . Jerusalem established as national and religious centre.	135-324	Jews confined peacefully to Galilee. Beginning of Talmudic era.
965-928	Reign of <u>Solomon</u> . Trade routes to Mesopotamia, Asia Minor, Arabia and Africa established. Palace and first Temple in Jerusalem built.	324	Constantine, the first Christian emperor, occupies Palestine.
928	Division of kingdom into Israel and Judah.	326	Constantine and his mother, Helena, begin transformation of Jerusalem into a Christian city.
882-842	Dynasty of <u>Omri</u> in Israel. The first prophets, <u>Elijah</u> and <u>Elisha</u> .	527-65	Reign of <u>Justinian I</u> .
853	<u>Ahab</u> , king of Israel, and his allies defeat the Assyrians at <u>Qarqar</u> .	614	Persian invasion of Palestine, with help of a Jewish retreat.
733-586	The great prophets in Jerusalem: <u>Isaiah</u> , <u>Jeremiah</u> , <u>Ezekiel</u> .	630	Muslim invasion from Arabia.
723	Fall of <u>Samaria</u> to the Assyrians. End of Kingdom of Israel.	638	Jerusalem falls to the Muslims.
586	Jerusalem falls to <u>Nebuchadnezzar</u> . Exile of Jews to <u>Babylon</u> .	661	Establishment of Umayyad caliphate.
537	Persian conquest of <u>Babylon</u> and return of Jews from exile.	691	Dome of the Rock built by <u>Abd el-Malik</u> .
519	Dedication of second Temple in Jerusalem.	750	Abbasid dynasty. Decline of Arab rule.
332	<u>Alexander the Great</u> defeats the Persians.	1096-99	First Crusade begun as joint French-Norman expedition.
301	Ptolemaic rule begins. Strong Hellenistic influence in Judaea.	1099	Crusader capture of Jerusalem. Establishment of Latin Kingdom.
200	Power passes to the Seleucids with <u>Antiochus III</u> .	1187	<u>Saladin</u> captures Jerusalem.
164	Hasmonaean revolt against religious oppression of <u>Antiochus IV</u> .	1189	Crusader rule re-established at Acre and along the coast.
141-63	Independent Hasmonaean state.	1291	Fall of Acre and end of Crusader Kingdom.
63	Jerusalem captured by Roman general <u>Pompey</u> .	1291-1516	Rule of the Mamelukes.
40	<u>Herod</u> appointed in Rome as king of the Jews.	1516	Holy Land falls to the <u>Turks</u> and becomes part of the Ottoman Empire.
37-4	<u>Herod</u> rules Jerusalem and rebuilds Temple.	1543	<u>Suleiman I</u> (the Magnificent) rebuilds the walls of Jerusalem.
5	Birth of <u>Christ</u> .	1917	Balfour Declaration that British government favours the "establishment in Palestine of a national home for the Jewish people".
AD 26-36	<u>Pontius Pilate</u> , procurator of Judaea.	1918-48	Period of <u>British Mandate</u> .
30?	<u>Crucifixion</u> of <u>Christ</u> .	1948	Proclamation of State of Israel.